#### Overdale Curriculum - Design and Technology

#### <u>Intent</u>

- To be designers and design items for a purpose.
- To make meaningful creations.
- To be confident in using a range of tools and techniques
- To use their imagination to design and create.
- To take risks when designing and making.
- To evaluate technology and develop a critical understanding of its daily life in the wider world.



Lighting the hearts & minds of our community

Knowledge or skill already acquired ready to progress.

	Curriculum	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary
Fl	Development Matters	To know how to make simple models which express	To be able to explore different materials, using all	Paper, card,
	3 & 4 year olds	their ideas.	their senses to investigate them.	cut, stick, plan,
	Explore different materials		To be able to manipulate and play with different	design, make,
	freely, in order to develop		materials.	idea, card,
	their ideas about how to use		To be able to use their imagination as they consider	paper, scissors,
	them and what to make.		what they can do with different materials.	glue, wood,
	Develop their own ideas and	Autumn 1 – Small worlds	Autumn 1 – Small worlds	hammer, nails,
	then decide which materials	<u>Structures</u>	<u>Structures</u>	felt.
	to use to express them.	Experience building with a variety of resources:	To be able to put materials together	
	Join different materials and	Duplo, wooden blocks, happy land, Playmobil etc.	To be able to think about what materials they are	
	explore different textures.	Teach – how to build and assign meaning to what is	going to use.	
		built.		
	3 and 4 year statements			
	from Development Matters	To know what a structure is		
	2021	To know how to begin to put blocks together		
	(Expressive Arts and Design)	To begin to know different materials		
		To understand how to build a structure		
		Autumn 2 – Junk Modelling	Autumn 2 – Junk Modelling	
		Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas	To be able to make verbal plans and material	
		about how to use them and what to make.	choices.	
		Develop their own ideas and then decide which	<ul> <li>To be able to developing a junk model.</li> </ul>	
		materials to use to express them. Join different	Improving fine motor/scissor skills with a variety	
		materials and explore different textures.	of materials.	
		To know there are a range to different materials that	Joining materials in a variety of ways (temporary	
		can be used to make a model and that they are all	and permanent).	
		slightly different.	Joining different materials together.	
		•Making simple suggestions to fix their junk model.	Describing their junk model.	

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	Spring 1 – Structures/Junk Modelling	Spring 1 – Structures/Junk Modelling
	Provide children with a range of materials for children to	Explore different materials freely, to develop their
	construct with.	ideas about how to use them and what to make.
	Encourage them to think about and discuss what they	Develop their own ideas and then decide which
	want to make.	materials to use to express them. Join different
	Discuss problems and how they might be solved as	materials and explore different textures.
	they arise.	To join different materials together
	Reflect with children on how they have achieved their	To use their ideas to create a model
	aims.	To be able to decide what marterials to use
	To know a range of materials	To explore a range of different materials
	To know how to build a structure	To be able to create using their own ideas
	<ul> <li>To know how to make simple suggestions</li> </ul>	
	To know that models/structure can look different.	
	Spring 2 – Structures/Junk Modelling	Spring 2
	Promoting Independence	Promoting Independence
	<ul> <li>To know they can build a structure on their own.</li> </ul>	To explore different materials freely
		Develop their ideas about how to use them and
		what to make
		Think about their own ideas
		To think about what materials they are going to
		use
		How to join the materials together
	Summer 1 – Structures Project	Summer 1 – Structures Project
	• To know they can return to a model to add more over a	To develop their own ideas about how to use
	period of time.	different materials.
	• To know they can work with others on bulding a bigger	• To be able to select their own materials to use when
	project.	creating something.
		To be able to express their ideas through material
		choice and design.
		To be able to confidently explore different textures
i		of materials.

		Summer 2 Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. Join different materials and explore different textures.	Develop own ideas and decide which materials to use     Join different materials     Explore different textures     To use their own ideas     To plan and to think about their structure (project)	
	Curriculum	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary
F2	<ul> <li>Children in Reception</li> <li>Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.</li> <li>Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.</li> <li>Safely use and explore a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To know how tojoin materials together in different ways.</li> <li>To know that planning their own ideas/ having thinking time before making something will help to produce a better quality creation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be able to name and use a variety of materials.</li> <li>To develop their own ideas about how to use different materials.</li> <li>To be able to select their own materials to use when creating something.</li> <li>To be able to express their ideas through material choice and design.</li> <li>To be able to confidently explore different textures of materials.</li> </ul>	Material, fold, join, joining, design, make, idea, card, paper, scissors, glue, fabric, split pin, role play, character,
	variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function  • Share their creations, explaining the process they have used.  • Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.	Autumn 1 – Junk Modelling  To know there are a range of different materials that can be used to make a model and that they are all slightly different.	<ul> <li>Autumn 1 - Junk Modelling</li> <li>To be able to make verbal plans and material choices.</li> <li>To be able to develop a junk model.</li> <li>To be able to draw and cut with a variety of materials.</li> <li>To be able to join different materials together.</li> <li>To be able to describe their junk model, and how they intend to put it together.</li> <li>To be able to give a verbal evaluation of their own and others' junk models with adult support.</li> <li>To be able to check to see if their model maches their plan.</li> </ul>	prop, process, explain, sharing, tools, scissors, glue, cellotape, pins, colour, vegetables, packaging, chop, thread, weave, waterproof, float, sink, soak up.
	Reception Statements from Development Matters 2021  (Expressive Arts and Design)		<ul> <li>To be able to consider what they would do differenelty if they were to do it again.</li> <li>To be able to describe their favourite and least favourite part of their model.</li> </ul>	

Autumn 2 – Soup	Autumn 2 – Soup
<u>Food</u>	<u>Food</u>
To know the safest way to chop vegetables.	To be able to design a soup recipe as a class.
To know how to use words to describe the look, feel,	To be able to design soup packaging.
smell and taste of food.	To be able to chop plasticine safely
To know how to explain a choice they have made.	To be able to chop vegetables with support.
To know that soup is ingredients (usually vegetables	To be able to taste soup and give opinions.
and liquid) blended together	To be able to choose their favourite packaging
To know that vegetables are grown.	design and explain why.
To recognise and name some common vegetables.	,
To know that different vegetables taste different.	
To know that eating vegetables is good for us.	
To discuss why different packages might be used for	
different foods.	
Spring 1 – Bookmarks	Spring 1 – Bookmarks
Textiles	<u>Textiles</u>
To know that a design is a way of planning our idea	To be able to design a simple pattern with paper
before we start.	To be able to design a bookmark.
• To know what a good design needs.	To be able to choose from available materials.
To know that threading is putting one materials	To be able to draw and cut with appropriate tools
through an object.	and materials.
,	To be able to use a prepared needle and woll to
	practice threading.
	To be able to weave (under, over technique) with a
	variety of materials.
	To be able to reflect on a finished product and
	compare to their design.
Spring 2 – Hanging egg decoration	Spring 2 – Hanging egg decoration
To name and safely use a variety of materials and	To be able to create a hanging Easter egg
tools.	decoration.
• To know how to explore, use and refine a variety of	To be able to use their fine motor skills to
artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.	competently use a range of tools with safety and
To know they can return to and build on their previous	confidence.
learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to	Cormiderice.
represent them.	
<ul> <li>To know how to use colour and texture when designing.</li> </ul>	

		Summer 1 – Rainbow Salad	Summer 1 – Rainbow Salad	
		<u>Food</u>	<u>Food</u>	
		To know how to use words to describe the look, feel,	To be able to design a rainbow salad as a class.	
		smell and taste of food.	To be able to chop furit and vegetables safely.	
		To know how to explain a choice they have made	To be able to taste food and give opinions.	
		To recognise and name some common furit and		
		vegetables.		
		To know that eating fruit and vegetables is good for us.		
		Summer 2 – Boats	Summer 2 – Boats	
		Structures	Structures	
		To use knowledge from exploration to inform design.	To be able to make a boat that floats and is	
		To know how to make predictions e.g. waterproof	waterproof.	
		materials	To be able to make observations about exisiting	
		To know how the shape and structure of a boat affects	boats to see which floats best.	
		the way it moves.	To be able to test their design and reflect on what	
		To know that waterproof materials are those which do	could have been done differently.	
		not absorb water.		
		To know that some objects float and others sink.		
		To know the different parts of a boat.		
	Curriculum	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary
Year	• use the basic principles of a	<ul> <li>To name and safely use a variety of materials and</li> </ul>	• To be able to safely explore and experiment with a	Texture,
1	healthy and varied diet to	tools.	range of materials and resources for design and	material, cut,
	prepare dishes	<ul> <li>To know how to cut, fold and join different materials.</li> </ul>	technology (design, colour, texture, form, function)	fold, join,
	<ul> <li>understand where food</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To know how to use colour and texture when designing.</li> </ul>	• To be able to build on their previously learnt skills of	joining, design,
	comes from		cutting, folding and joining materials.	make, idea,

#### Design

- design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria
- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mockups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology

#### Make

- select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]
- select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics

#### **Evaluate**

# Autumn 1 – Fruit and vegetables <u>Cooking and nutrition</u>

- To understanding the difference between fruits and vegetables.
- To understand that some foods typically known as vegetables are actually fruits (e.g. cucumber).
- To know that a blender is a machine which mixes ingredients together into a smooth liquid.
- To know that a fruit has seeds and a vegetable does not.
- To know that fruits grow on trees or vines.
- To know that vegetables can grow either above or below ground.
- To know that vegetables can come from different parts of the plant (e.g. roots: potatoes, leaves: lettuce, fruit: cucumber).

#### Autumn 2

- To know that 'joining technique' means connecting two pieces of material together.
- To know that there are various temporary methods of joining fabric by using staples. glue or pins.
- To understand that different techniques for joining materials can be used for different purposes.
- To know that in Design and technology we call a plan a 'design'.

#### Autumn 1 – Fruit and vegetables Cooking and nutrition

#### <u>Design</u>

• To be able to design smoothie carton packaging by-hand or on ICT software.

#### <u>Make</u>

- To be able to chop fruit and vegetables safely to make a smoothie.
- To be able to idenitfy if a food is a fruit or a vegetable.
- To be able to explain where and how fruits and vegetables grow.

#### **Evaluate**

- To be able to evaluate different food combinations.
- To be able to describe appearance, smell and taste.
- To be able to suggest information to be included on packaging.

#### Autumn 2

#### **Structures**

#### <u>Design</u>

- To be able to understand the importance of a clear design criteria.
- To be able to including individual preferences and requirements in a design.

#### Make

 To be able to make stable structures from card, tape and glue.

To be able to turn 2D nets into 3D structures.

card, paper, scissors, glue, fabric, split pin, role play, character, prop, process, explain, sharing, collaboration, tools, form, function, colour, structure, evaluate, design critera, assemble, mechanism, mechanics, axle, wheels, chop, peel

- explore and evaluate a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria

#### Technical knowledge

- build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable
- explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products.

## Spring 1 – Moving story book

## Mechanisms/mechanical systems

#### Technical

- To know that a mechanism is the parts of an object that move together.
- To know that a slider mechanism moves an object from side to side.

#### **Additional**

• To know that in Design and technology we call a plan a 'design'.

## Spring 1 – Moving story book

## Mechanisms/mechanical systems

#### <u>Design</u>

- To be able to design a moving story book for a given audience.
- To be able to create clearly labelled drawings that illustrate movement.

#### <u>Make</u>

- To be able to follow a design to create moving models that use levers and sliders.
- To be able to adapt mechanisms:
  - o when they do not work as they should.
  - o to fit their design.
  - to improve how they work after testing their product.

- To be able to test a finished product, seeing whether it moves as planned and if not, explaining why and how it can be fixed.
- To be able to review the success of a product by testing it with its intended audience.

#### Spring 2 - Windmills

#### **Structures**

#### Technical

- To understand that the shape of materials can be changed to improve the strength and stiffness of structures.
- To understand that cylinders are a strong type of structure (e.g. the main
- shape used for windmills and lighthouses).
- To understand that axles are used in structures and mechanisms to make parts turn in a circle.
- To begin to understand that different structures are used for different purposes.
- To know that a structure is something that has been made and put together.

#### **Additional**

To know that a client is the person I am designing for.

- To know that design criteria is a list of points to ensure the product meets the clients needs and wants.
- To know that a windmill harnesses the power of wind for a purpose like grinding grain, pumping water or generating electricity.
- To know that windmill turbines use wind to turn and make the machines inside work.
- To know that a windmill is a structure with sails that are moved by the wind.
- To know the three main parts of a windmill are the turbine, axle and structure.

#### Spring 2 - Windmills

#### Structures

#### <u>Design</u>

- To be able to understand the importance of a clear design criteria.
- To be able to including individual preferences and requirements in a design.

#### Make

- To be able to make stable structures from card, tape and glue.
- To be able to turn 2D nets into 3D structures.
- To be able to follow instructions to cut and assemble the supporting structure of a windmill.
- To be able to make functioning turbines and axles which are assembled into a main supporting structure.

- To be able to evaluate a structure according to the design criteria, testing whether the structure is strong and stable and altering it if it isn't.
- To be able to suggest points for improvements.

#### Summer 1 - Puppets

#### **Textiles**

- To know that 'joining technique' means connecting two pieces of material together.
- To know that there are various temporary methods of joining fabric by using staples, glue or pins.
- To understand that different techniques for joining materials can be used for different purposes.
- To understand that a template (or fabric pattern) is used to cut out the same shape multiple times.
- To know that drawing a design idea is useful to see how an idea will look.

# Summer 2 – Wheels and axles Mechanisms/mechanical systems

#### **Technical**

- To know that wheels need to be round to rotate and move.
- To understand that for a wheel to move it must be attached to a rotating axle.
- To know that an axle moves within an axle holder which is fixed to the vehicle or toy.
- To know that the frame of a vehicle (chassis) needs to be balanced.

#### **Additional**

 To know that in Design and technology we call a plan a 'design'.

To know some real-life items that use wheels such as wheelbarrows, hamster wheels and vehicles.

#### Summer 1 - Puppets

#### **Textiles**

#### <u>Design</u>

 To be able to use a template to create a design for a puppet.

#### <u>Make</u>

- To be able to cut fabric neatly with scissors.
- To be able to use joining methods to decorate a puppet.
- To be able to sequence the steps taken during construction.

#### **Evaluate**

To be able to reflect on a finished product, explaining likes and dislikes.

#### Summer 2 - Wheels and axles

#### Mechanisms/mechanical systems

#### <u>Design</u>

 To be able to design a vehicle that includes wheels, axles and axle holders, that when combined, will allow the wheels to move.

#### <u>Make</u>

- To be able to follow a design to create moving models that use levers and sliders.
- To be able to adapt mechanisms:
  - o when they do not work as they should.
  - o to fit their design.
  - to improve how they work after testing their product.

#### **Evaluate**

To be able to test wheel and axle mechanisms, identifying what stops the wheels from turning, and recognising that a wheel needs an axle in order to move.

Curriculum	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary
Year • use the basic principles of a	<ul> <li>To know that in Design and technology we call a plan a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be able to understand the importance of a clear</li> </ul>	Texture,
2 healthy and varied diet to	<mark>'design'.</mark>	design criteria.	material, cut,
prepare dishes	To understand that axles are used in structures and	To be able to including individual preferences and	fold, join,
<ul> <li>understand where food</li> </ul>	mechanisms to make parts turn in a circle	requirements in a design	joining, design,
comes from	<ul> <li>To begin to understand that different structures are</li> </ul>	Make	make, idea,
	used for different purposes.	<ul> <li>To be able to follow a design to create moving</li> </ul>	card, paper,
<u>Design</u>	<ul> <li>To know that a structure is something that has been</li> </ul>	models that use levers and sliders.	scissors, glue,
<ul> <li>design purposeful,</li> </ul>	made and put together.	<ul> <li>To be able to adapt mechanisms:</li> </ul>	fabric, split pin,
functional, appealing	<ul> <li>To know that 'joining technique' means connecting two</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>when they do not work as they should.</li> </ul>	role play,
products for themselves and	pieces of material together.	<ul> <li>to fit their design.</li> </ul>	character,
other users based on design		<ul> <li>to improve how they work after testing their</li> </ul>	prop, process,
criteria		product.	explain,
<ul> <li>generate, develop, model</li> </ul>		<u>Evaluate</u>	sharing,
and communicate their		<ul> <li>To be able to test a finished product, seeing</li> </ul>	collaboration,
ideas through talking,		whether it moves as planned and if not, explaining	tools, form,
drawing, templates, mock-		why and how it can be fixed.	function,

ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology

#### Make

- select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]
- select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics

#### Evaluate

- explore and evaluate a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria

#### <u>Technical knowledge</u>

- build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable
- explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products.

#### Autumn 1 – Fairground wheel

# Mecahnisms/mechanical systems Technical

- To know that a mechanism is the parts of an object that move together.
- To know that wheels need to be round to rotate and move.
- To understand that for a wheel to move it must be attached to a rotating axle.
- To know that an axle moves within an axle holder which is fixed to the vehicle or toy.
- To know that the frame of a vehicle (chassis) needs to be balanced.

#### **Additional**

- To know that in Design and technology we call a plan a 'design'.
- To know some real-life items that use wheels such as wheelbarrows, hamster wheels and vehicles.

#### Autumn 1 – Fairground wheel

# Mecahnisms/mechanical systems Design

- To be able to select a suitable linkage system to produce the desired motion.
- To be able to design a wheel.

#### **Make**

- To be able to select materials according to their characteristics.
- To be able to follow a design brief.
- To be able to make linkages using card for levers and split pins for pivots.
- To be able to experiment with linkages adjusting the widths, lengths and thicknesses of card used.
- To be able to cut and assemble components neatly.

#### **Evaluate**

- To be able to evaluate different designs.
- To be able to test and adapt a design.
- To be able to evaluate own designs against design criteria.
- To be able to use peer feedback to modify a final design.

#### Autumn 2

- To know that in Design and technology we call a plan a 'design'.
- To know that shapes and structures with wide, flat bases or legs are the most stable.
- To understand that the shape of a structure affects its strength.
- To know that materials can be manipulated to improve strength and stiffness.
- To know that a structure is something which has been formed or made from parts.

#### Autumn 2

- To be able to select materials according to their characteristics.
- To be able to follow a design brief.
- To be able to make linkages using card for levers and split pins for pivots.
- To be able to experiment with linkages adjusting the widths, lengths and thicknesses of card used.
- To be able to cut and assemble components neatly.

colour,
structure,
evaluate,
design critera,
assemble,
mechanism,
mechanics,
axle, wheels,
chop, peel,
characteristics,
design brief,
slicing,
constructing

### Spring 1 – Baby bear's chair

#### **Structures**

#### Technical

- To know that shapes and structures with wide, flat bases or legs are the most stable.
- To understand that the shape of a structure affects its strength.
- To know that materials can be manipulated to improve strength and stiffness.
- To know that a structure is something which has been formed or made from parts.
- To know that a 'stable' structure is one which is firmly fixed and unlikely to change or move.
- To know that a 'strong' structure is one which does not break easily.
- To know that a 'stiff' structure or material is one which does not bend easily.

#### **Additional**

- To know that natural structures are those found in nature.
- To know that man-made structures are those made by people.

#### Spring 1 – Baby bear's chair

#### **Structures**

#### <u>Design</u>

- To be able to generate and communicating ideas using sketching and modelling.
- To be able to learn about different types of structures, found in the natural world and in everyday objects.

#### <u>Make</u>

- To be able to make a structure according to design criteria.
- To be able to create joints and structures from paper/card and tape.
- To be able to build a strong and stiff structure by folding paper.

- To be able to explore the features of structures.
- To be able to compare the stability of different shapes.
- To be able to test the strength of own structures.
- To be able to identify the weakest part of a structure.
- To be able to evaluate the strength, stiffness and stability of own structure.

## Spring 2 – A balanced diet

#### **Cooking and nutrition**

- To know that 'diet' means the food and drink that a person or animal usually eats.
- To understand what makes a balanced diet.
- To know where to find the nutritional information on packaging.
- To know that the five main food groups are: Carbohydrates, fruits and vegetables, protein, dairy and foods high in fat and sugar.
- To understand that I should eat a range of different foods from each food group, and roughly how much of each food group.
- To know that nutrients are substances in food that all living things need to make energy, grow and develop.
- To know that 'ingredients' means the items in a mixture or recipe.
- To know that I should only have a maximum of five teaspoons of sugar a day to stay healthy.
- To know that many food and drinks we do not expect to contain sugar do; we call these 'hidden sugars'.

#### Spring 2 – A balanced diet

#### **Cooking and nutrition**

#### <u>Design</u>

 To be able to design a healthy wrap based on a food combination which works well together.

#### <u>Make</u>

- To be able to slice food safely using the bridge or
- To be able to construct a wrap that meets a design brief.

- To be able to describe the taste, texture and smell of fruit and vegetables.
- To be able to taste test food combinations and final products.
- To be able to describe the information that should be included on a label.
- To be able to evaluate which grip was most effective.

Summer 1 - Pouches	Summer 1 - Pouches	
<u>Textiles</u>	<u>Textiles</u>	
<ul> <li>To know that sewing is a method of joining fabric.</li> </ul>	<u>Design</u>	
<ul> <li>To know that different stitches can be used when</li> </ul>	• To be able to design a pouch.	
sewing.	<u>Make</u>	
<ul> <li>To understand the importance of tying a knot after</li> </ul>	To be able to select and cutting fabrics for sewing.	
sewing the final stitch.	To be able to decorate a pouch using fabric glue or	
To know that a thimble can be used to protect my	running stitch.	
fingers when sewing.	To be able to thread a needle.	
	To be able to sew running stitch, with evenly	
	spaced, neat, even stitches to join fabric.	
	To be able to neatly pin and cut fabric using a	
	template.	
	<u>Evaluate</u>	
	To be able to troubleshoot scenarios posed by the	
	teacher.	
	To be able to evalute the quality of the stitching on	
	others' work.	
	To be able to discuss as a class the success of their	
	stitching against the success criteria.	
	To be able to identify aspects of their peers' work that	
	they particularly like and explaining why.	

# Summer 2 – moving monster <u>Mecahnisms/mechanical systems</u> Technical

- To know that a slider mechanism moves an object from side to side.
- To know that a slider mechanism has a slider, slots, guides and an object.

To know that bridges and guides are bits of card that purposefully restrict the movement of the slider.

#### Summer 2 – moving monster

# Mechanisms/mechanical systems Design

- To be able to create a class design criteria for a moving monster.
- To be able to design a moving monster for a specific audience in accordance with a design criteria.

#### <u>Make</u>

- To be able to select materials according to their characteristics.
- To be able to follow a design brief.
- To be able to make linkages using card for levers and split pins for pivots.
- To be able to experiment with linkages adjusting the widths, lengths and thicknesses of card used.
- To be able to cut and assemble components neatly.

#### **Evaluate**

- To be able to evaluate different designs.
- To be able to test and adapt a design.
- To be able to evaluate own designs against design criteria.

To be able to use peer feedback to modify a final design.